	contains 4 printed pages]
Roll	No
S. No. of Question Pape	er : 943
Unique Paper Code	: 20350 5 H
Name of the Paper	: IX(b): Literary Theory (i)
Name of the Course	: B.A. (Hons.) English
Semester	: v
Duration: 3 Hours	Maximum Marks: 75
(Write your Roll No. on th	he top immediately on receipt of this question paper.).
A	ttempt all six questions.
•	Section A
(Attempt	three questions from Section A)
I. (i) "The poo	etry of the future is the means by which the
character	of the present can be understood in its own
particular	ity." Explain this quote in the light of Lukacs'
	n of socialist realism.
	Or

Denying the existence of a "purely repressive apparatus" or a "purely ideological apparatus" Althusser concedes

that "very subtle explicit or tacif combinations may be woven from the interplay of RSAs and ISAs. Discuss this interplay giving examples either from the essay of from your own experience,

(i) Briefly outline Ahmad's position on English and English

Literature Departments in his theorization of 'Indian

Literature'.

O

- in Deleuze's use of the word 'representation', which according to her, conflates two critically different senses of the word. Discuss the implications of this slippage?
- How does Barrett use the idea of cultural stereotypes to bolster her materialist-feminist argument?

Or

between the symbolic and the pre-Oedipal suggest a criticism of the "French school associated with Kristeva"?

Section B

(Attempt three questions from Section B)

(i) Describe Brecht's concept of alienation and explain how it combines aesthetics and politics to imagine a new social order.

Or

- (ii) "Gramsci's materialist definition of intellectuals and his analysis of their social function help to situate them in relation to the preservation or subversion of hegemonic power." Elaborate.
- (i) "With both secularism and religion appearing as political liabilities, literature appeared to represent a perfect synthesis of these two opposing positions". How does Gauri Vishwanathan develop this argument with regard to the ideological function of English literary education in British India.

Or

(ii) "[T]he phenomenon of Orientalism as I study it here deals principally, not with a correspondence between Orientalism and Orient, but with the internal consistency of Orientalism and its ideas about the Orient...despite or beyond any correspondence, or lack thereof, with a "real" Orient." Discuss.

"When the Goods Get Together" establishes a strong set of connections between a phallocentric economy of desire and economy understood as trade and the exchange of commodities. Explain and comment on the significance of this connection between sexuality and commerce. Why must male homosexuality, under patriarchy "be kept in the realm of pretense" and "excluded" when "[a]ll economic management would thus be homosexual"?

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(ii) Explain Showalter's use of 'feminine', 'feminist' and 'female' as phases in the history of novel writing by women.